



ORD'S AUTUMN  
MENT FOR 1901

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# Hardy Plants From a Hardy Climate

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CHARLOTTE, VERMONT, U. S. A.



## INTRODUCTION

Most of my customers, I think, understand that this supplement is intended to go with my spring catalogue, and, though it offers kinds which should not be set in spring (Tulips, Narcissus, etc.), it does not include many perennials which are often set in either spring or early autumn. For such, please see my spring catalogue sent you last spring.

Many of the hardy perennials may be set with success in autumn by mulching with fine straw or leaves, which keeps the light and sun from reaching their roots in winter, and prevents the heaving by frost. Some of the Irises treated in this way do finely, which, without this protection, would hardly survive a severe winter. When perennials can be set early in autumn, and get a little start before winter, they give more and better bloom the following season than when the setting is left for late spring. It is very important, however, that the plants be set early enough to enable them to get something of a root growth before cold weather. I would not advise late setting for any of the herbaceous perennials. Lilies for the most part may be set until frost prevents.

# Lilies

In ordering Lilies from this list, customers should bear in mind that for the most part my bulbs are taken direct from the beds and, with the use of sphagnum moss, can be sent without the usual loss of shrinking of outside scales, so common in store bulbs. They are as fresh when received as when taken from the bed, and usually without the loss of roots, which seldom come with store bulbs. I have found this same sphagnum moss, which I use in packing the bulbs, to be very beneficial to some of them, and we use loads of it every year under and around the bulbs when planting. I now use it under all my auratumis, testaceums, candidums, Hansoni, Grayi, and some of the speciosums, especially album and rubrum. For the auratum I have found it the best thing I have ever tried.

Many of these Lilies may be set by the middle of September or sooner, but the auratumis, speciosums, Henryi, Maximowiczi, and sulphureum will not be ripe enough to move before October. The candidum is better set not much later than in September, and the longiflorums, though ripe earlier, seem to give better results when set after October 1.

Orders will be filled from beds as long as my stock of each lasts, but *L. candidum* will be for the most part imported. I can guarantee them to bloom, however, if properly set, and in cold climates like this they should have a covering. For further instructions as to culture, description, etc., see Spring Catalogue, which will be sent if you have not already a copy.

*These prices are not for free delivery by mail. Those wishing plants by mail, see my Spring Catalogue for cost of mailing plants. It is sent free upon application.*

	Each	Doz.
<i>Lilium auratum.</i> First size bulbs . . . . .	\$0 15	\$1 35
<i>L. auratum.</i> Monsters. A few at . . . . .	35	3 00
<i>L. " var. rubro vittatum.</i> With red stripes . . . . .	65	6 50
<i>L. bulbiferum</i> . . . . .	15	
<i>L. Brownii.</i> One of the best white and chocolate-brown shading . . . . .	40	4 00
<i>L. Canadense</i> (Meadow Lily) . . . . .	10	1 00
<i>L. " var. rubrum</i> . . . . .	20	1 75
<i>L. " var. flavum</i> . . . . .	20	1 75
<i>L. candidum</i> (Madonna Lily). Should be set before October . . . . .	15	1 25
<i>L. Chalcedonicum.</i> Handsome scarlet flowers . . .	50	
<i>L. Columbianum.</i> Orange, with spots . . . . .	15	1 30
<i>L. concolor.</i> Small, with scarlet flowers . . . . .	15	1 45
<i>L. " var. parthenion.</i> A little larger; flowers yellow . . . . .	10	1 00
<i>L. croceum.</i> Golden yellow . . . . .	10	1 00
<i>L. Dauricum</i> , or a very queer form of <i>L. Philadelphicum</i> . . . . .	25	2 00
<i>L. elegans</i> , var. <i>atrosanguineum</i> . Deep red . . . . .	20	



### Lilium Batemannii.

<i>Lilium elegans</i> , var. <i>atropurpureum</i> . This is the dark- est red form of elegans I have ever seen. Very healthy and a handsome Lily . . . . .	Each	Doz.
	\$0 20	\$1 75
<i>L. elegans</i> , var. <i>aurantiacum multiflorum</i> . Red . . . . .	15	1 35
<i>L.</i> " var. "Best Red." One of the healthiest and surest . . . . .	10	1 00
<i>L.</i> " var. <i>Cloth of Gold</i> . A fine, distinct new form . . . . .	40	
<i>L.</i> " var. <i>fulgens</i> or <i>Batemannii</i> . Reddish sal- mon flowers; a fine form of elegans . . . . .	15	1 50
<i>L.</i> " var. <i>incomparable</i> . Dark red . . . . .	35	
<i>L.</i> " var. <i>nigromaculatum</i> or <i>Prince of Orange</i> . A dwarf form, with large, salmon- yellow, handsome flowers . . . . .	15	1 25
<i>L.</i> " var. <i>Thunbergianum</i> . . . . .	12	1 15
<i>L.</i> " var. <i>umbellatum</i> . . . . .	15	
<i>L.</i> " var. <i>Wallacei</i> . A fine variety; low-growing, with salmon-yellow flowers; later in the season . . . . .	10	1 00
<i>L. excelsum</i> . See <i>L. testaceum</i> .		

<b>Lilium Grayi.</b> Dark orange-scarlet flowers; fine for Each cutting with <i>Astilbe Japonica</i> or <i>Achillea</i> , "The Pearl," which flower with it . . . . .	Doz.	\$0 25	\$2 00
<b>L. Hansoni.</b> See <i>L. maculatum</i> .			
<b>L. Henryi.</b> Like <i>speciosum</i> , but yellow-flowered; rare . . . . .	1 00	10 00	
<b>L. Humboldtii.</b> See <i>L. puberulum</i> .			
<b>L. Japonicum, var. (odorum) Colchesteri.</b> Much like <i>Brownii</i> in shape, but lighter outside and sulphur-yellow within . . . . .	1 00		
<b>L. Japonicum, var. <i>roseum</i> (<i>L. Krameri</i>)</b> . . . . .	20	1 45	
<b>L. Krameri.</b> See <i>L. Japonicum roseum</i> .			
<b>L. Leichtlinii.</b> See <i>L. Maximowiczii</i> .			
<b>L. longiflorum.</b> Long funnel-shaped white flowers . . .	12	1 10	
<b>L. maculatum</b> ( <b>Hansoni</b> ). One of the most reliable . . .	70		
<b>L. Martagon</b> (Turk's Cap Lily) . . . . .	15	1 40	
<b>L. Marham.</b> A desirable new Lily, said to be a hybrid between the White Martagon and the Hansoni. Flowers nankeen, spotted with purple . . . . .	3 00		
<b>L. Maximowiczii.</b> Yellow . . . . .	75		
<b>L.</b> " <b>Reddish yellow flowers</b> . . . . .	20	1 50	
<b>L.</b> " <b>var. Fujea.</b> Large form, with reddish yellow flowers . . . . .	30		
<b>L. monodelphum</b> ( <i>L. colchicum</i> ). A fine, early, cream-yellow Lily, lasting with me many years . . . . .	60	5 50	
<b>L. pardalinum.</b> Orange-red, with lighter center . . . . .	15	1 50	
<b>L. Philadelphicum.</b> Deep orange-red . . . . .	10	1 00	
<b>L. pomponium.</b> Red flowers . . . . .	35		
<b>L.</b> " <b>var. Pyrenaicum.</b> Yellow flowers . . . . .	35		
<b>L. puberulum</b> ( <b>Humboldtii</b> ). November . . . . .	50		
<b>L. speciosum, var. <i>album</i>.</b> White flowers . . . . .	20	1 60	
<b>L.</b> " <b>var. Kraetzeri</b> . . . . .	25	2 50	
<b>L.</b> " <b>var. macranthum</b> . . . . .	35		
<b>L.</b> " <b>var. Melpomene</b> . . . . .	20	1 60	
<b>L.</b> " <b>var. punctatum</b> . . . . .	35		
<b>L.</b> " <b>var. <i>roseum</i></b> . . . . .	25	2 00	
<b>L.</b> " <b>var. <i>rubrum</i></b> is the best and most reliable form of the <i>speciosum</i> class . . . . .	15	1 25	
<b>L. sulphureum</b> ( <i>L. Wallichianum superbum</i> ). Flowers long and large, funnel-shaped, sulphur-yellow within . . . . .	1 00	10 00	
<b>L. superbum</b> (Turk's Cap Lily) . . . . .	15	1 45	
<b>L. testaceum</b> ( <i>excelsum</i> ). A rare beauty; nankeen-yellow . . . . .	40	4 50	
<b>L. tenuifolium</b> (Coral Lily of Siberia). Handsome scarlet flowers . . . . .	\$10 per 100	15	1 40
<b>L. tigrinum</b> (Tiger Lily) . . . . .	08	80.	
<b>L.</b> " <b>var. plenescens.</b> Double Tiger Lily . . . . .	12	1 15	
<b>L.</b> " <b>var. splendens.</b> Best form of Tiger Lily . . . . .	10	1 00	
<b>L. Wallacei.</b> See <i>L. elegans</i> , var. <i>Wallacei</i> .			
<b>L. Wallichianum superbum.</b> See <i>L. sulphureum</i> .			

## Daffodils, or Narcissi

Early-flowering, bulbous plants, coming before the tulips and after the crocus. One of the most important groups; fine for cutting, and of easy culture. Though any good garden soil suits, they prefer a rather stiff, deep soil, and if the situation is such that they are shaded from the sun a portion (a third or half) of the time, so much the better. They do well among shrubbery. To get the best results, they should be set in August or September, so as to make a good root-growth before winter. When late setting is done, the best results are postponed until the second season.

If by mail, add 6 cts. per doz. for those without stars, and 10 cts. per doz. for those marked by a star.

Each Doz.

<i>Narcissus abscissus (muticus).</i> A late, yellow Trumpet			
Daffodil . . . . .	So 06	So 60	
<i>N. Barrii (Golden Mary).</i> A showy, bright golden yellow, late-blooming sort, for cutting after the Trumpet species are done . . . . .	05	35	
* <i>N. bicolor Empress.</i> Very large flowers; white perianth, rich yellow trumpet; strong grower, and fine for cutting . . . . . per 100, \$7.	10	1 co	
* <i>N. bicolor Grandee, or grandis.</i> Later, coming after Empress and Horsfieldii; very large flowers with yellow trumpet and white perianth; dwarf; sturdy in growth . . . . .	10	75	
* <i>N. bicolor Horsfieldii.</i> Very large and early; yellow trumpet and white perianth . . . . per 100, \$5.	08	80	
<i>N. bicolor Mrs. Walter T. Ware.</i> A fine new sort, with broad white perianth and golden trumpet . . . .	25		
<i>N. bulbocodium citrinum (Hoop-Petticoat Daffodil)</i> . .	05	35	
<i>N. Burbidgei.</i> One of the most charming for cuttings. Clear white cup, margined bright cinnabar-red; a beautiful early-flowering form of <i>Poeticus</i> , which comes before <i>Poeticus ornatus</i> . Very effective when bunched. The color of cup is very rich when cut in bud and opened under glass . . . . . per 100, \$1.	05	40	
<i>N. Burbidgei (Baroness Heath).</i> Perianth yellow, cup suffused throughout orange-scarlet. Distinct and beautiful . . . . .	20		
<i>N. Burbidgei (John Bain).</i> Large and broad white perianth, with small, citron-yellow cup and orange-scarlet edge . . . . .	08	50	
<i>N. Henry Irving.</i> Noted for its deep yellow, imbricated, wheel-shaped perianth, and large and handsome yellow trumpet . . . . .	10	75	
<i>N. incomparable, Autocrat.</i> Bold, handsome, large yellow flowers; expanded yellow crown . . . .	06	50	



Narcissus Poeticus.

<b>Narcissus incomparable, Frank Miles.</b>	Large yellow	Each	Doz.
flowers of very charming, elegant form . . . .	So 10	\$1 00	
<b>N. incomparable, Sir Watkin.</b> Very large flower; valuable for market . . . . .	10	1 00	
<b>*N. Johnstonei, Queen of Spain.</b> One of the best of new Daffodils. Soft cream, delicate clear yellow trumpet; perianth same color; reflexing. Flowers vary slightly in size . . . . .	10	1 00	
<b>N. Leedsii.</b> Silvery white, starry perianth; lemon-yellow cup, passing to white. A beautiful sweet-scented flower; fine for bouquets . . . . .	per 100, \$1.50.	03	25
<b>N. Leedsii, Mrs. Langtry.</b> Broad, wide perianth; large white cup, edged with canary-yellow. A free bloomer and very fine . . . . .		25	
<b>N. obvallaris (Tenby Daffodil).</b> Rich, full yellow; early . . . . .		06	60

<i>Narcissus poeticus ornatus.</i> One of the earliest of the Poet's Narcissus; a free bloomer . . . . .	per 100, \$1.50	\$0 05	\$0 35
<i>N. princeps.</i> Sulphur yellow perianth and deep yellow trumpet. A fine variety . . . . .		08	50
<i>N. triandrus albus</i> (Cyclamen-Flowered Narcissus or Angels' Tears). Elegant white flowers, several from a bulb; fine for pot culture. Plant several in a pot . . . . .		6	40
<i>N. Jonquilla.</i> Single yellow Jonquils; yellow, fragrant flowers . . . . . per 100, 95 cts.			25
<i>N. alba plena odorata.</i> The Double Poet's Narcissus. One of the most charming white-flowered sorts; fine for cutting . . . . .		05	35
* <i>N. Double Von Sion.</i> Very large and full; double; immense flowers . . . . .		05	50
* <i>N. Double incomparable.</i> Large yellow flowers . . . . .		05	45
<i>N. incomparable, Double Buller and Eggs.</i> A large and showy double variety. One of the largest of the double sorts . . . . . per 100, \$2		05	40
* <i>Mixed Daffodils</i> , to naturalize in meadows, etc. A first-class mixture, comprising many of the best herein listed . . . . . per 100, \$1 .		05	30

## Crocuses

The ordinary spring-flowering Crocus will thrive in nearly all soils and positions.

	Add 5 cents per dozen, if by mail	Doz.
<b>Mixed Crocuses</b> . . . . .	per 100, 65 cts.	\$0 10
" " Purple colors . . . . .		15
" " White colors . . . . .		15
" " Striped . . . . .		15

## Tulips in Mixed Colors

Tulips like good drainage, and when planted over a gravelly subsoil or bottom succeed best. It is a good plan to surround the bulbs with sand, unless they are put into a sandy soil. A depth of 4 inches is none too deep for cold climates. Set the bulbs 5 or 6 inches apart.

In ordering Tulips by post, add 6 cents per dozen for postage

	Doz.	100
<b>Large Early Single Tulips</b> . . . . .	\$0 20	\$1 00
" Late " " . . . . .	20	1 00
" Early Double " " . . . . .	35	2 00
" Late " " . . . . .	40	2 25

100 Tulips in the four kinds, 25 of each, for \$1.25; 400 bulbs, 100 of each, \$4

		Doz.
Parrot Tulips . . . . .	per 100, \$2.30 .	\$0 40
Late-Blooming, or Show Tulips . . . . .	each, 8 ets. .	70
Single Tulip, Artus. Bright scarlet . . . . .		25

## Erythroniums

(Dog-Tooth Violets)

Early-blooming, bulbous plants, which must be set in autumn. They come up among the first flowers of spring, and are very interesting, both in flower and leaf.

Add 3 cents per dozen, if by post

	Each	Doz.
Erythronium albidum, var. coloratum, is a form with more color, from Texas . . . . .	\$0 12	\$1 10
E. Americanum (Common Adder-Tongue). Handsome bright yellow flowers; hardy . . . . .	08	45
E. grandiflorum. A large yellow species from the Pacific coast . . . . .	16	45
E. Hartwegii. Flowers light yellow, with orange center. . . . .	06	45
E. Hendersoni. Flowers pale purple, with darker center. . . . .	12	1 25
E. revolutum, var. Johnsoni. Very charming dark rose flowers, orange center . . . . .	12	1 25
E. " var. albiflorum. Has white flowers . . . . .	10	1 00
E. " var. Bolanderi. Flowers white; very fine: . . . . .	10	1 00

## Fritillarias

These like a sandy or gravelly soil, with good drainage.

Add 5 cents per dozen for postage for those without stars, and 10 cents  
for those marked with a star

	Each	Doz.
*Fritillaria imperialis (Crown Imperial) . . . . .	\$0 15	\$1 30
F. Melagris. Various shades purple, light yellow, etc. . . . .	05	40
F. parviflora. Very early . . . . .	08	80
F. pudica. Also an early-flowering little plant. Hardy, with pretty yellow flowers . . . . .	07	70

## Hyacinths for Beds

Hyacinths like a light, loamy soil and full sun. A light coating of well-composted manure, if the ground is not already well supplied, will be of value. Plant about 3 inches deep, and if the best flowers are desired, the bulbs should be from 7 to 9 inches apart.

Add 16 cents per dozen for postage, if by mail

	Each	Doz.
Double Mixed . . . . .	\$0 10	\$0 80
Single Mixed . . . . .	09	70
Double and Single Mixed . . . . .	08	60

## Trilliums

(American Wood Lily, Indian Shamrock, or Three-leaved Nightshade)

Add 10 cts. per dozen if by mail

### For the Shady Corner

Like most early-blooming plants, Trilliums give better results the following spring when planted in autumn in time to make their regular root growth, which seems to take place a few weeks after the stems have died. They form a very pretty group, which comes into bloom early, and whose leaves make a good display after the flower has passed. Trilliums like a light soil, with a mixture of leaf-mold or peat, and for most of them, a little well-rotted manure will be beneficial. Although they may, as a rule, be grown in the sun, a partial shade, is the most natural place. They look best when in good-sized groups. In a good position they last almost indefinitely.

	Each	Doz.
<i>Trillium cernuum</i> . White . . . . .	10	\$1 00
<i>T. erectum</i> . Purple . . . . .	10	1 00
<i>T. " albidum</i> . White . . . . .	10	1 00
<i>T. sessile Californicum</i> . White . . . . .	15	1 25
<i>T. nivale</i> . White . . . . .	20	
<i>T. grandiflorum</i> . White . . . . .	per 100, \$2.50	.05 35
<i>T. erythrocarpum</i> . White, striped with purple . . . . .	15	1 25
<i>T. recurvatum</i> . Brown and purple . . . . .	20	
<i>T. stylosum</i> . White, turning to rose . . . . .	10	1 00
<i>T. petiolatum</i> . Purple . . . . .	15	1 25
<i>T. ovatum</i> . White . . . . .	15	1 25

## Bulbous Iris

For fuller list of Iris see my spring catalogue

	Each	Doz.
<i>Iris Histrio</i> . Flowers delicate porcelain-blue; very early . . . . .	\$0 15	\$1 50
<i>I. Iberica</i> . One of the most charming of the early Iris. Flowers large, with white standards faintly veined with wine red and red spots at base. Outer segments pale brown, closely veined and blotched with purple-brown . . . . .	15	1 35
<i>I. Persica</i> . Flowers very early; pale lilac, dark purple and yellow . . . . .	12	1 10
<i>I. reticulata</i> . True. Flowers dark blue; fragrant . . .	20	
<i>I. reticulata</i> , var. <i>Krelagei</i> . Flowers reddish purple; early . . . . .	15	1 40
<i>I. reticulata</i> , var. <i>histroides</i> . Flowers bright blue; very early . . . . .	20	1 50



English Iris.

	Each	Doz.
<i>Iris Xiphium</i> (Spanish Iris). Very fine bulbous flower- ing plants, coming into bloom soon after the German Iris, with blue, white and yellow flowers	\$0 05	\$0 35
I. Xiphioides (English Iris). Large flowers in hand- some blue and white colors, about as tall as the Spanish Iris, and coming just after it . . . . .	08	60

## Miscellaneous Bulbs and Plants,

Which, because they bloom early, or for other reasons, are set in autumn.

See my Spring Catalogue for cost of postage if sent by mail.

	Each	Doz.
<i>Allium tricoccum</i> (Wild Leek) . . . . .	\$0 10	\$1 00
<i>Anemone acutiloba</i> . . . . .	12	1 00
<i>A. Hepatica</i> . . . . .	12	1 00
<i>A. thalictroides</i> . . . . .	08	75
<i>Arisaema Dracontium</i> (Green Dragon) . . . . .	15	1 10
<i>A. triphyllum</i> (Indian Turnip) . . . . .	12	1 00

		Each	Doz.
<i>Camassia Cusickii</i> (Giant Camas) . . . . .	50	10	\$1.00
<i>C. esculenta</i> . . . . .	10	1	1.00
<i>C. Fraseri</i> . . . . .	10	1	1.00
<i>C. Leichtlinii</i> . Blue . . . . .	15	1	1.35
<i>Campanula medium</i> (Canterbury-Bells) . . . . .	10	1	1.00
<i>C. Double White</i> . . . . .	15	1	1.25
<i>C. " Purple</i> . . . . .	15		
<i>Caulophyllum thalictroides</i> . For shade . . . . .	15		
<i>Claytonia Virginica</i> . . . . .	06		50

*Colchicum* is a curious, hardy, bulbous plant, with foliage and fruit in early summer, while the flower comes in autumn. The foliage dies down before the flowers appear. Stems 3 to 6 inches high. Sometimes called the Autumn Crocus



*Eremurus Himalicus.*  
Photographed in our Nursery.

<i>E. robustus</i> . See Spring List . . . . .	2.00
<i>E. spectabilis</i> ( <i>Caucasicus</i> ) . . . . .	1.00
<i>Helleborus niger</i> (Christmas Rose) . . . . .	25
<i>Mertensia pulmonarioides</i> ( <i>M. Virginica</i> ). The Virginia Cowslip. See Spring List . . . . .	10
<i>M. Sibirica</i> . . . . .	12
<i>Ornithogalum Arabicum</i> (Star of Bethlehem) . . . . .	06

**Platycodon** (Campanula, or Chinese Bell-Flower). One Each Doz.  
 of the most attractive hardy perennials to people who like a blue or white flower. It should be planted so that the buds are an inch under. For cutting, they are very fine, and last for many days.

<b>P. Grandiflorum.</b> Blue flowers . . . . .	\$0 10	\$1 00
<b>P.</b> " var. <i>album</i> . . . . .	25	
<b>P. Mariesii.</b> More dwarf in growth . . . . .	12	1 15
<b>Podophyllum peltatum</b> (Wild Mandrake) . . . . .	10	1 00
<b>Polygonatum biflorum</b> (Smaller Solomon's Seal) . . . . .	15	1 25
<b>P. giganteum</b> (Great Solomon's Seal) . . . . .	15	1 10

## Herbaceous Plants

### Not offered in Spring List

Net, prepaid. If by mail, ask for cost of postage.

	Each	Doz.
<b>Actaea spicata</b> , var. <i>rubra</i> . Red Bane Berry . . . . .	\$0 15	\$1 00
<b>Aconitum Nepellus</b> . Pale blue . . . . .	15	1 00
<b>A. Nepellus</b> . Deep blue . . . . .	15	1 00
<b>Amagdylus Georgica</b> , 3 to 4 feet . . . . .	25	
<b>Armeria formosa</b> . A handsome Sea Pink . . . . .	15	1 15
<b>Aster Besserabicus</b> . . . . .	15	
<b>Chrysanthemum carneum</b> . . . . .	20	
<b>Clematis viorna</b> . . . . .	12	1 10
<b>C. Davidiana</b> . . . . .	15	1 25
<b>C. integrifolia</b> . . . . .	15	
<b>C.</b> " var. <i>Durandii</i> . . . . .	30	
<b>Campanula macrantha</b> . . . . .	15	
<b>C. Raineri alba</b> . . . . .	15	1 25
<b>C. pulcherrima</b> . . . . .	15	1 25
<b>C. thrysoidea</b> . . . . .	15	
<b>C. pyramidalis alba</b> . . . . .	15	
<b>Cypripedium spectabile</b> . Showy Lady's Slipper. (A few extra clumps, 5- to 8-stalked, at 50 to 75 ets. each.) .	20	2 00
<b>C. candidum</b> , 3 to 6 inches . . . . .	20	2 00
<b>Dianthus sylvestris</b> . . . . .	15	1 20
<b>D.</b> , Hardy Scotch Pinks — Earl of Carlisle, May, Clara Wilmer, Juniett, Brunette . . . . .	10	1 00
All Dianthus or Pinks should be set before October, in order to become well established before winter.		
<b>Digitalis gloxinoides</b> . Rose . . . . .	15	1 20
<b>Delphinium Cashmerianum album</b> . . . . .	15	
<b>Double Buttercup</b> . Flowers like common Buttercup, but full double . . . . .	15	
<b>Gaillardia</b> , Kelway's Mixed . . . . .	20	
<b>Hedysarum multijugum</b> . . . . .	20	
<b>Helenium Bolanderi</b> . . . . .	15	1 25
<b>Hermodactylus tuberosus</b> (Snake's Head Iris) . . . . .	10	1 00
<b>Hollyhocks</b> , Single— Rose-purple; Rose-purple, dark center; Red . . . . .	12	1 15

	Each	Doz.
<b>Hollyhocks, Double—</b>		
Rose, Yellow, Cream . . . . .	\$0 12	\$1 15
White, Red . . . . .	12	
Mixed Double . . . . .	08	75
<b>Incarvillea Delavayi</b> . . . . .	25	
<b>Iris Fisheri.</b> Tall blue Iris . . . . .	10	1 00
<b>I. Germanica flavescens</b> . . . . .	20	
I. " Victoriana . . . . .	20	
I. " Gleuck . . . . .	20	
I. " Iragrans . . . . .	20	
I. " King of the Belgians . . . . .	20	
I. " Innocenses . . . . .	20	
I. " Penelope . . . . .	20	
I. " stenophylla . . . . .	20	
<b>I. Hookeri.</b> This species I recently collected on the banks of the lower St. Lawrence River, well down toward the Gulf. It is a dwarf species with blue flowers and of easy culture. For good collected plants . . . . .	15	1 25
<b>I. laevigata Eclaire.</b> One of the most charming of the white Japan Irises . . . . .	15	
<b>Jeffersonia binata</b> ( <i>J. diphylla</i> ). A rare little early white-flowered perennial for shade . . . . .	20	
<b>Lupinus grandiflorus</b> . . . . .	12	1 10
<b>L. polyphyllus albus</b> . . . . .	12	1 10
<b>Lychnis coronaria</b> , Red . . . . .	10	1 00
<b>L. coronaria</b> , White . . . . .	10	1 00
<b>Monarda punctata</b> (Horse Mint) . . . . .	10	
<b>Malva Moschata</b> (Musk Mallow). Rose . . . . .	12	1 10
<b>Oenothera Fraseri</b> . . . . .	15	1 35
<b>Paeonia Chinensis</b> Mons. D'Offoy . . . . .	40	
<b>P. Chinensis Mutabilis</b> . . . . .	45	
P. " Excellante . . . . .	45	
P. " Faubec . . . . .	45	
P. " Souvenir d'Exposition . . . . .	45	
P. " Rose of Gendberg . . . . .	50	
P. " Faust. A delicate metallic rose-purple . . .	50	
<b>Phlox decussata</b> (Ball of Fire) . . . . .	25	
<b>P. decussata</b> Lody Russell. Cherry red . . . . .	25	
P. " Mme. Domage. White, wine centre . . . . .	25	
P. " La Vagae. Large soft rose flowers . . . . .	25	
P. " Mme. Panchier. Rose color . . . . .	25	
<b>P. moulato</b> . . . . .	10	1 00
<b>Primula cortusoides</b> . . . . .	25	
<b>P. mistassinica</b> . . . . .	10	1 00
<b>Pentstemon barbatus.</b> Beautiful pale scarlet color . . .	20	
<b>Papaver alpinum</b> , var. <i>Pyrenicum</i> . . . . .	20	
<b>P. Caucasicum</b> . . . . .	20	
<b>P. nudicaule.</b> Orange-scarlet . . . . .	15	1 25
P. " var. <i>sulphureum</i> . . . . .	15	1 35
<b>Polemonium soleosissimum</b> . . . . .	25	
<b>Potentilla.</b> Species with large creamy flowers . . . . .	15	1 25
<b>Sedum telephium</b> . . . . .	10	1 00

	Each	Doz.
<i>Silene inflata</i> (Bladder Campion). White flowers . .	\$0 10	\$0 80
<i>Salvia azurea grandiflora</i> . Charming plant, delicate porcelain blue flowers. Hardy . . . . .	15	1 20
<i>Spiraea ulmaris flore pleno</i> . . . . .	20	
<i>S. grandiflora</i> . 2 to 3 feet . . . . .	20	1 50
<i>S. Lindleyana</i> . 2 to 3 feet . . . . .	25	
<i>Trollous Europeans</i> . . . . .	25	
<i>Thalictrum adiantifolium</i> . . . . .	15	
<i>T. purpurascens</i> . . . . .	10	1 00
<i>Viola Cornuta</i> . Blue perfection . . . . .	12	1 15
<i>Yucca recurvifolia</i> . . . . .	30	

## Woody Plants

	Each	Doz.
<i>Acer ginnale</i> , A Chinese species ; very handsome foliage, turning red in autumn. 2 ft. plants . . .	\$0 15	\$1 20
<i>Corylus</i> , Sp. (Cob Filbert) . . . . .	30	
<i>Kalmia glauca</i> . . . . .	68	75
<i>Chionanthus Virginicus</i> . 1 to 2 feet . . . . .	20	
<i>Viburnum lantana</i> . (Waysfaring Tree). 1 to 2 feet. . . . .	20	
<i>Lonicera grata</i> . . . . .	10	1 00
<i>Rosa setigera</i> . (Climbing Prairie Rose.) 2 feet. . .	15	
<i>R. alpina</i> . Handsome red fruit . . . . .	15	
<i>R. lucida</i> . . . . .	10	1 00
<i>Rose, Marshall P. Wilder</i> . Fine double . . . . .	40	
<i>R. General Washington</i> . . . . .	40	



*Lupinus*. (See preceding page.)

## Bargain List

I have offered for several years in my Fall Supplement this list of special bargains, which has resulted in a large trade in this way. These sets are made up of plants mentioned in my Spring List, and are offered cheaper in this way than in smaller lots because we have a larger stock of these, and in autumn we have more time to fill orders. These offers are not open to spring delivery, because then we cannot spare the time they require in filling. Those wishing to take advantage of any offers for shrubs, trees, etc., in this list, for spring setting, can get them in November, and cover them in any well-drained soil, leaving only the tips of the branches exposed, where they will keep in perfect condition, and may be set in spring as soon as the ground is ready. For cost of boxing trees and shrubs, see my Spring Catalogue. These prices do not include postage. Parties wishing these sets by mail will be given cost of postage upon application, where mailing is possible. We can ship safely by freight in autumn most of the plants we grow, even as far as California. These offers are subject to surplus stock being sold. This stock is not a poorer grade than is used in filling orders for single or dozen lots. Evergreens should not be ordered after October 1, and deciduous trees and shrubs better not be moved before October. Bulbs and plants which are entirely covered when set can be ordered until winter prevents. Charges for boxing trees and shrubs over 3 feet will be made at cost. Small bundles are often used for this, costing from 35 to 75 cts. each.

25 <i>Achilleas</i> , in 3 colors . . . . .	\$1 45
25 <i>Anemone sylvestris</i> . . . . .	1 10
25 <i>Anthemis</i> (Chamomile), 2 kinds . . . . .	1 25
25 <i>Aquilegia Canadensis</i> (Wild Columbine) . . . . .	1 50
25 <i>Andromeda polifolia</i> . . . . .	1 25
25 <i>Virginia Creeper</i> . . . . .	1 50
25 <i>American Larch</i> , 2 feet . . . . .	1 10
25 <i>Bird's-Foot Violets</i> , 2 kinds . . . . .	1 25
25 <i>Callirhoe involucrata</i> . . . . .	1 50
25 <i>Clethra alnifolia</i> , 1 to 2 feet . . . . .	1 00
25 <i>Campanulas</i> , 4 kinds . . . . .	1 20
25 <i>Columbines</i> , 5 kinds . . . . .	1 35
25 <i>Camassias</i> , 2 kinds . . . . .	1 35
25 <i>Cone Flowers</i> , 3 kinds . . . . .	1 30
25 <i>Caltha palustris</i> (Marsh Marigold) . . . . .	90
25 <i>Clematis</i> , 5 hardy kinds . . . . .	1 60
25 <i>Cytisus purpureus</i> . . . . .	1 10
25 <i>Berberis vulgaris</i> . . . . .	1 25
25 " 3 kinds . . . . .	1 30
25 <i>Cercis Canadensis</i> (Judas Tree) . . . . .	1 75
25 <i>Choice Double Hardy Roses</i> , 6 kinds . . . . .	4 00
25 <i>Delphiniums</i> , 5 kinds . . . . .	1 50
25 <i>Deutzias</i> , 3 kinds . . . . .	1 50
25 <i>Dodecatheons</i> (Shooting Stars), 3 kinds . . . . .	1 50
25 <i>Foxgloves</i> , 3 kinds . . . . .	1 40

25	Heliopsis, 3 kinds . . . . .	\$1 25
25	Helianthus, 3 kinds . . . . .	1 75
25	Hibiscus, 3 kinds . . . . .	1 60
20	Hydrangea paniculata grandiflora. 1 foot, stocky . . . . .	1 25
25	Hemlocks. 1 foot, stocky . . . . .	1 15
25	Hop Vines. For covering unsightly objects . . . . .	75
25	Hardy Pentstemons, 3 kinds . . . . .	1 35
25	Hybrid Phlox, choice mixed colors . . . . .	1 20
25	White Phlox. 2 kinds, tall and low . . . . .	2 50
25	Hemerocallis (Day Lilies), 3 kinds . . . . .	1 30
25	Hepaticas, 2 kinds . . . . .	1 20
25	Iris, in 4 kinds—Japan, German, Spanish and English . . . . .	1 15
25	" in 8 kinds . . . . .	1 10
25	Mixed German Iris . . . . .	1 00
25	Myosotis, 2 kinds . . . . .	1 35
25	Phlox maculata . . . . .	1 10
25	Iceland Poppies, mixed colors . . . . .	1 40
25	Liatris Blazing Star . . . . .	1 35
25	Lychnis, 5 kinds . . . . .	1 25
25	Lady's Slippers, 3 kinds . . . . .	2 00
25	Lilies, in 10 kinds . . . . .	2 00
50	Lilies, in 12 kinds . . . . .	4 00
25	Lilium Wallacei . . . . .	1 25
24	Native Lilies, 3 kinds . . . . .	1 25
12	Plantain Lilies, in 3 kinds . . . . .	1 10
25	Lilium tenuifolium (Siberian Coral Lily) . . . . .	2 15
25	Japan Clematis . . . . .	1 50
25	Common Wild Clematis (Virgin's Bower) . . . . .	1 25
25	Lychnis chalcedonica . . . . .	1 15
25	Mertensia pulmonarioides (Virginica) . . . . .	1 50
25	Linums (Flax), in 2 kinds, blue and yellow . . . . .	1 50
25	Lombardy Poplars. 6 to 8 feet . . . . .	2 00
25	Winterherries (Ilex) . . . . .	1 60
25	Siberian Larkspurs, mixed colors . . . . .	1 25
25	Box Maples, 2 feet . . . . .	1 00
25	Hardy Maples. 4 to 6 feet, 5 kinds . . . . .	2 00
25	Sugar Maples. 5 to 7 feet . . . . .	2 00
25	Sugar Maples. 3 to 5 feet . . . . .	1 25
25	European Cork Maples. 2 to 3 feet . . . . .	1 30
25	Sweet Brier Roses. 2 feet, stocky . . . . .	1 25
25	Spiraea Thunbergii. 2 feet . . . . .	2 00
25	Spiraea fillependula . . . . .	1 25
25	Silenes, 2 or more kinds . . . . .	1 35
25	Red Maples ( <i>Acer rubrum</i> ). 4 to 6 feet . . . . .	2 00
25	Popple Leaved Birches. 5 to 7 feet . . . . .	1 75
25	Yellow Birches. 5 to 8 feet . . . . .	1 75
25	Norway Spruces. 1 foot . . . . .	1 25
12	Myricas, 2 kinds . . . . .	1 00
25	Perennial Larkspurs, 5 kinds . . . . .	1 50
25	Platycodons (Chinese Balloon-Flower) . . . . .	1 40
25	Double Paeonies . . . . .	3 75
25	Perennial Poppies, 4 kinds . . . . .	1 50
25	Single Roses, 3 kinds . . . . .	1 25
25	Rosa rugosa. 15 to 30 inches high . . . . .	2 50

25 <i>Sanguinaria</i> (Bloodroot) . . . . .	\$1	05
25 Single and Double Hollyhocks, mixed . . . . .	1	25
25 <i>Spiraeas</i> , in 6 kinds . . . . .	1	65
25 <i>Spiraea Van Houttii</i> . 15 to 20 inches high . . . . .	1	25
25 <i>Trilliums</i> , in 4 kinds . . . . .	1	10
50 <i>Trilliums</i> , in 3 kinds . . . . .	2	00
25 Vines and Climbers, 5 kinds . . . . .	1	40
25 <i>Viburnums</i> , in 4 kinds, 2 to 3 feet . . . . .	1	70
25 <i>Viburnum dentatum</i> . 2 to 3 feet . . . . .	1	75
25 <i>Viburnum Lentago</i> . 2 feet . . . . .	1	70

See my spring catalogue for fuller description.

## Seeds for Autumn Sowing

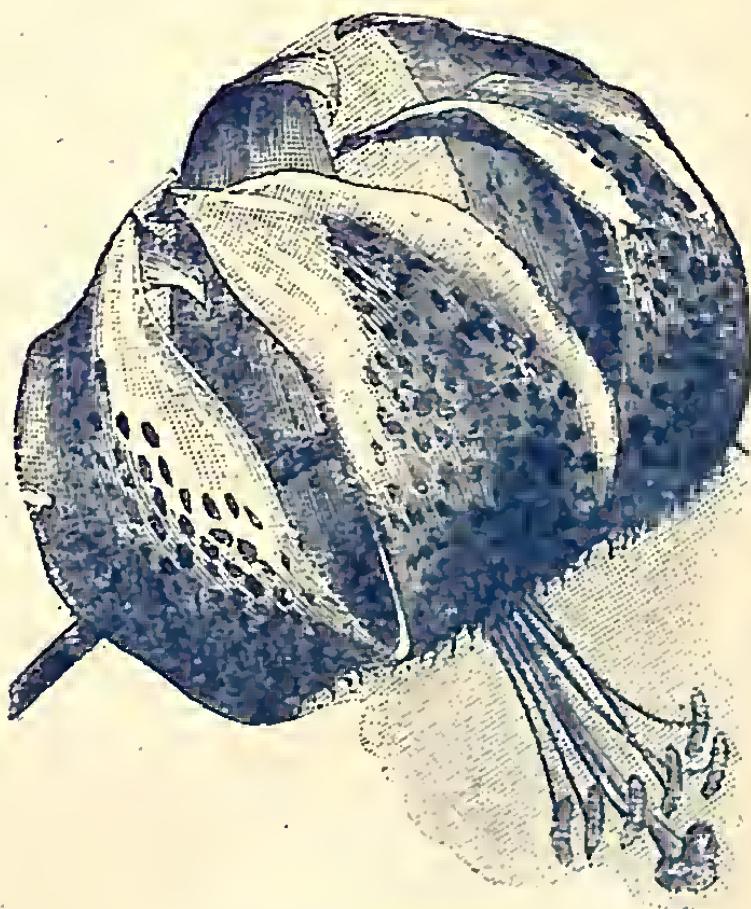
Any of the following may be sown in October or later. The very small seeds, like *Lobelia cardinalis*, should not be covered, but only pressed into the soil. A few of these take a long time to germinate, and some will not come up perhaps until the second spring.

	Pkt.
<i>Aquilegia</i> . Best mixture of Columbines . . . . .	\$0 10
<i>Androsace cornicopifolia</i> . . . . .	06
<i>Acer ginnale</i> . . . . .	06
<i>A. Tataricum</i> . . . . .	06
<i>Asperula galiooides</i> . . . . .	05
<i>Baptisia australis</i> . . . . .	05
<i>Chrysanthemum macrophyllum</i> . . . . .	05
<i>Campanula punctata</i> . . . . .	06
<i>C. Rainieri</i> . . . . .	06
<i>C. Carpatica alba</i> . . . . .	10
<i>C. " Blue</i> . . . . .	08
<i>C. turbinata</i> . . . . .	06
<i>Camassia Cusickii</i> . . . . .	10
<i>Coreopsis lanceolata</i> . . . . .	05
<i>Delphinium</i> . Mixed . . . . .	06
<i>D. grandiflorum</i> . Mixed colors . . . . .	06
<i>Dianthus barbatus</i> . (Sweet William.) . . . . .	05
<i>D. nigrigole</i> . . . . .	05
<i>D. cruentus</i> . . . . .	10
<i>D. vicidus</i> . . . . .	05
<i>D. versicolor</i> . . . . .	05
<i>D. arenarius</i> . . . . .	06
<i>D. Carthusianorum</i> . . . . .	06
<i>D. plumaris</i> . Single . . . . .	05
<i>D. Chinensis</i> . . . . .	08
<i>Dicentra eximia</i> . . . . .	08
<i>Dictamnus albus</i> . . . . .	10
<i>Digitalis gloxinoides</i> . . . . .	per pkt. of 20 seeds, 10
<i>D. ambigua grandiflora</i> . . . . .	05
<i>D. lanata</i> . . . . .	06
<i>D. Sibirica</i> . . . . .	05
<i>Eremurus spectabilis</i> . . . . .	15 seeds, 10
<i>E. Himalayacus</i> . . . . .	per pkt. 10 seeds, 10

	Pkt.
<i>Eryngium amethystinm</i> . . . . .	\$0 06
<i>Echinops exaltatns</i> . . . . .	05
<i>Hypericum elegans</i> . . . . .	05
<i>Hypochaeris nniflora</i> . . . . .	08
<i>Hyacinthus candicans</i> . . . . .	06
<i>Hesperis matronalis</i> . . . . .	20 cts. per oz.
<i>Heliopsis scabra</i> . . . . .	05
<i>H. Pitcheriana</i> . . . . .	05
<i>Heuchera sanguinea</i> . . . . .	10
<i>Gaillardia aristata</i> . . . . .	05
<i>Iris Hookeri</i> . . . . .	per pkt. 15 seeds,
<i>I. laevigata</i> ( <i>I. Kaempferi</i> ) . . . . .	05
<i>I. graminea</i> . . . . .	05
<i>I. ensata</i> ( <i>I. fragrans</i> ) . . . . .	05
<i>Lychnis chalcedonica</i> . . . . .	05
<i>L. coronata</i> , Red . . . . .	05
<i>L. " White</i> . . . . .	10
<i>L. viscaria splendens</i> . . . . .	05
<i>L. Haageana</i> . . . . .	08
<i>L. fulgens</i> . . . . .	10
<i>Lepachys pinnata</i> . . . . .	05
<i>Lilium Dahnicum</i> . . . . .	08
<i>L. martagon</i> . . . . .	08
<i>L. monodelphum</i> . . . . .	08
<i>Linum anstriacum</i> . . . . .	05
<i>Lupinus polyphyllus</i> . . . . .	08
<i>L. perennis</i> . . . . .	06
<i>Malva moschata</i> , White . . . . .	08
<i>M. moschata</i> , Rose . . . . .	06
Mixed Tulip seed . . . . .	05
<i>Primula officinalis</i> . . . . .	15
<i>Papaver nudicaule</i> , White . . . . .	10
<i>P. Orientale Royal Scarlet</i> . . . . .	per $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 50 cts.
<i>P. " var. bracteatum</i> . . . . .	10
<i>P. nudicaule</i> , Mixed colors . . . . .	08
<i>P. alpinum</i> . . . . .	10
<i>Potentilla</i> , Sp. Cream-colored flowers . . . . .	10
<i>Platycodon grandiflorum</i> . . . . .	06
<i>Pentstemon grandiflorus</i> . . . . .	10
<i>Silene orientale</i> . . . . .	05
<i>Sedum acre</i> . . . . .	06
<i>Thermopsis montana</i> . . . . .	06
<i>T. Carolina</i> . . . . .	06
<i>Tunica saxifraga</i> . . . . .	05
<i>Spiraea filipendula</i> . . . . .	06
<i>Vitis riparis</i> . For covering walls, etc. . . . .	per oz., 15 cts.
	06

**FREDERICK H. HORSFORD**

*Charlotte, Vermont, U. S. A.*



LILIMUM SPECIOSUM  
(See page 3)

FRED'K H. HORSFORD  
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